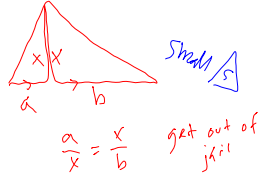
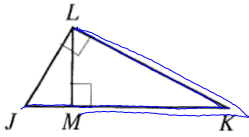


Theorem 8-1 Questions, Part 2.

Use the below figure to solve the following problems.



22. If $LM = 4$ and $MK = 8$, find JM .

altitude = 4 hypotenuse
 $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$ get out of jail
 $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$ simplify
 $x(\frac{1}{4}) = 4(\frac{1}{2})$
 $x = 2 \rightarrow JM = 2$

NOTE
 geom. mean
 $\frac{a}{x} = \frac{x}{b}$
 $ab = x^2$
 $\sqrt{ab} = x = \text{geom. mean}$
 $\frac{2}{x} = \frac{x}{8} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{16} = 4$

23. If $LM = 6$ and $JM = 4$, find MK .

23

$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{6}{x}$
 $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{x}$
 $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{6}{x}$
 $1 = \frac{6}{x}$
 $x = 6$
 $JK = 10$

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$\frac{3}{x} = \frac{x}{6}$
 $3 \cdot 6 = x^2$
 $x^2 = 18$
 $x = \sqrt{18}$
 $x = 3\sqrt{2}$

25. If $JM = 4$ and $JK = 9$, find LK .

26. If $JM = 3$ and $MK = 9$, find LJ .

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$\frac{9}{x} = \frac{x}{5}$
 $x^2 = 45$
 $x = \sqrt{45}$
 $x = 3\sqrt{5}$

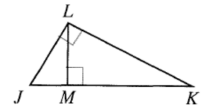
26

$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{x}{9}$
 $x^2 = 12 \cdot 3$
 $x^2 = 36$
 $x = 6$
 $LJ = 6$

27. If $JM = 3$ and $JL = 6$, find MK .

28. If $JL = 9$ and $JM = 6$, find MK .

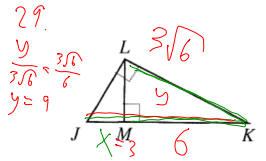
$\frac{x+3}{6} = \frac{6}{3}$
 $x+3 = \frac{6}{3} \cdot 6$
 $x+3 = 12$
 $x = 9$
 $MK = 9$



29. If $LK = 3\sqrt{6}$ and $MK = 6$, find JM .

30. If $LK = 7$ and $MK = 6$, find JM .

$\sqrt{b} \cdot \sqrt{a} = \sqrt{ab}$
 $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{a} = a$



29.
 $\frac{y}{3\sqrt{6}} = \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6}$
 $y = 9$

$\frac{x+6}{3\sqrt{6}} = \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6}$

$\left(\frac{x+6}{3\sqrt{6}}\right) 3\sqrt{6} = \left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6}\right) (3\sqrt{6})$
 $x+6 = \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 6}{6}$
 $x+6 = 9$
 $x = 3$
 $JM = 3$